2nd Sino-European Life Science Forum

Innovation, Practice & Cooperation

19-25, June, 2016

Nanjing, Hangzhou & Shaoxing, China

Invitation

Chinese market will be always dynamic with 13th Five-Year plan

Even with some difficulties during the transformation period, the growth of China's economy is always one of the fastest in the world. China has become the world's second largest country in GDP output in the world. Having the largest population in the world, the market potential of China is enormous. The field of life sciences, biotechnology and medical devices is expected to expand even further.

The Chinese biomedical & pharmaceutical industry has maintained a healthy growth during the first 3 quarters in 2015:

- The operation turnover has reached 305 billion USD, increased by 9.2% compared with same period of 2014;
- The profit has reached 30,2 billion USD, increased by 13.1% compared with same period of 2014;
- Profit increase has been higher than production growth by 3.9%.

The major economic indicators of the Chinese biomedical & pharmaceutical industry are among the top of the Chinese industry categories.

According to the 13th Five-Year Plan of biomedical & pharmaceutical industry that will be published soon, health information systems, advanced and high performance medical devices, and bio-pharmaceuticals have been named as the top three priorities, which will surely create a huge business potentials in China for next five years.

European Life Science Industry represents innovation and industry commercialization

Europe is home to leading life sciences industry and has a long tradition of life science Research & Development, academia and industry collaborations and commercialization of research findings. The European life science industry mainly include a large number of small and medium-sized enterprises (SMEs), which is one of the key drivers for industry innovation and long term growth.

Sino-European Life Science Forum provides a platform to ensure a direct business dialogue

Sino-European Life Science Forum is jointly organized by the Federation of Chinese Professional Associations in Europe (FCPAE), China Association for Science and Technology (CAST) and the local Government of Nanjing and Hangzhou. The Forum provides a practical platform for both Chinese and European industry players to share information on innovative projects, potential collaborations and matchmakings.

A short review of the 1st Sino-European Life Science Forum is provided below. (Please see attachment)

Jiangsu Province (Capital: Nanjing) - Zhejiang Province (Capital: Hangzhou) area is among the most prominent economic industrial aggregations with fastest development, largest economy and most promising growth. There are vast numbers of Chinese life science companies in these regions, including pharmaceutical, bio-pharmaceutical, Med-tech, CROs, and medical devices, such as Zhejiang Pharmaceutical Group, Jiangsu HengRui Medicine Co. Ltd., Yangtze River Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd., Fosun Pharmaceutical Co. Ltd., Jiangsu Yuwell Medical Equipment Co. Ltd., among many others.

Why should European life science companies participate the 2nd Sino-European Life Science Forum

- To enrich your understandings about the Chinese life science market
- To promote the visibility of your company and the products in China
- To look for the outsourcing and distribution partnership in China
- To approach potential Chinese licensing partners
- To meet with potential Chinese investors in life Science sector
- To contact with policy decision makers both at State and local levels

The 2nd Sino-European Life Science Forum

Major theme: Innovation, Practice and Cooperation

The program will include the following structure (Details will be provided later)

- 2-3 days in each city
- Oral presentation and poster presentation
- Face-to-face meeting with vast number of industry players and investors
- Networking with local government officials
- Visit to local life science companies and science parks

Projects:

We are calling for innovative projects from the European life science company in the following areas:

1. Drug discovery & Development (Technologies & products for the diseases such as: cancer, aging, diabetics, cardiovascular, nature medicine, etc.)
2. Innovative Therapeutic methodology
3. Innovative Medical device (R&D / Manufacture/Market)
4. In vitro diagnostic technology
5. Innovative healthcare / beauty / wellbeing / preventive medicine
6. Green economy and Environmental sustainability
7. Life science in Senior Care / Silver industry (maintaining autonomy, caring disabilities and dementia, home care solution, smart care, etc.)

Project presentations:

1. Oral presentations
2. Poster presentations

Application and registration*:

1. Company project should be properly described in the Application Form (see attachment).
2. Only those projects that have been screened and approved by an Organizing Committee and the Chinese local partners will be invited to participate the Forum
3. No registration fee for participating the Forum upon official invitation

4. Application schedule:
    a. Application deadline: March 15th, 2016
    b. Committee reviews: March 31, 2016
    c. China reviews (Central & local partners): April 20, 2016
    d. Final invitation release: May 1, 2016
5. Traveling and accommodation compensation:
    a. The international traveling cost for invited project representative will be partially compensated (amount to be decided later)
    b. The local traveling and accommodation cost during the Forum period will be fully covered by the local partners

Sponsorship program:

We welcome companies to participate our Sponsorship program for the following reasons:

- Benefit from priority treatment in oral and poster presentations.
- Improve visibility to prospective Chinese business partners.
- Maximize your company's exposure throughout the Forum
- Showcase new products, services and opportunities in Forum promotional publications.

For detailed information, please contact with Forum organizing committee at lifescience@fcpae.com

Contact Information:

Please fill in the Application Form and send it via email to: lifescience@fcpae.com

Attachments:

1. The Review of the 1st Sino-European Life Science Forum
2. 2nd Sino-European Life Science Forum Application Form
3. CAST & the HOME Program - Introduction
4. Jiangsu and JAST-Introduction
5. Jiangsu biotechnology and new medicine industry development-General information
6. Hangzhou-Introduction
7. Hangzhou Association for Science and Technology-Introduction
8. Shaoxing-Introduction
9. Shaoxing Life and health industry development status

FCPAE
Sino-European Life Science Forum
Organizing Committee

**The Committee keeps final authority to interpret for all organization work.*

Annex 1:

The Review of the 1st Sino-European Life Science Forum

Under the trends of economic globalization and Industry 4.0, strengthening the high-level exchanges in the life sciences between China and Europa, Federation of Chinese Professional Associations in Europa (FCPAE) and China Association for Science and Technology (China-AST) hosted the 1st Sino-European Life Science Forum on August 9th-14th, 2015 together in order to promote innovative projects and expand China-EU cooperation on the life sciences market.

The forum was sponsored and hosted by the local ASTs in cities of Ningbo, Shenzhen and Zhongshan. The forum was also supported by China Association for Medical Devices Industry, China Silver Industry Association, Zhejiang-AST and Guangdong-AST.

15 professionals from different European countries (including 2 native European experts) joined the forum and brought 14 projects from 4 sectors of medical device, in vitro diagnosis, biomedical and aging. During the week, the professionals went to 3 Chinese cities, presented projects, gave talks and managed the business negotiations and 1to1-Partnering communications with local partners. The whole activities of the forum moved on very effectively and smoothly. The forum achieved:

- communications with 448 local partners；
- 16 preliminary cooperation agreements of 6 projects（43%）. The rest projects were under discussion with potential partners；
- 100% of satisfaction from European professionals who think that the forum is helpful to promote the project；
- 100% of appreciation from hosting cities which mind that the forum is to strengthen the cooperation between local cities and Europa.

The forum is appreciated by China Association for Science and Technology。

The forum reached the following aims:

- a high level exchange between China and Europa in life sciences
- a good image presentation of high level life science experts from Europa
- an effective promotion of projects
- a helpful activity to connect the professionals and industry
- a valuable attempt for the oversee intelligent program of China-AST







According to the follow-ups from the organizing committee, some projects were already got the official contracts with the partners in China, and several projects are moving on.

FCPAE and China-AST intend to continue this forum, and several local Chinese cities are interested on holding the next forum.

The preparation of 2nd Sino-European Life Science Forum is already ongoing.

Federation of Chinese Professional Associations in Europa (FCPAE)
Sino-European Life Science Forum organizing committee

Annex 2:

The 2nd China-Europe Life Science Forum

Application Form

Application No: _____

Name	Family name		Gender		Residency city/country	
	First name					
Nationality						
Affiliate						
Function/Position						
Specialty		Research focus				
Project Title						
Project key words (≤5 words)						
Email						
Phone		WeChat (if applicable)				
Mailing address						
Personal Resume for communication (≤ 400 words)	(*Please provide your personal CV as an attachment*)					

Project Overview	**Project Title**_____ **Project Owner**： ☐ Yourself ☐ Institute (name)_____ ☐ Company (name)_____ **Project field（ multi-choice if needed ）include but not limited to:** ☐ Drug discovery & Development （Cancer，Aging，Diabetics，Cardiovascular，Nature medicine, etc ） ☐ Innovative Therapeutic methodology ☐ Innovative Medical device (R&D / Manufacture/Market) ☐ In vitro diagnostic technology ☐ Innovative healthcare/beauty/ preventive medicine ☐ Green economy and Environmental sustainability ☐ Health care and Silver industry ☐ Others：_____ **Project summary:** (business description, business environment analysis, SWOT analysis, industry background, competitor analysis, market analysis, marketing plan, operations plan, management summary, financial plan, etc.) [***Please provide a shot summery (≤500 words) and a project description in detail and/or a business plan as an attachment***]

	Project status（single choice）： ☐ Laboratory discovery ☐ Preclinical ☐ Clinical development ☐ Marketing approval ☐ Manufactory/market access ☐Others_____
Cooperation Targets	Seeking partnership in China ☐ Yes ☐ No Cooperation already in discussion/agreement phase in China ☐ Yes ☐ No Cooperation models （Multi-choice when needed）： ☐ Academic/institute ☐ R&D centre ☐ Market research ☐ Patent Assignment ☐ Technology investment ☐ Incubator settled ☐ Seeking partnership ☐ Seeking startup capital ☐ Other financial services ☐ China registration service ☐ Seeking suppliers ☐ Seeking CMO (Contract Manufacturing Organization) ☐ Seeking marketing cooperator ☐ Other_____
Reviewer Comments	
Outcome Prediction	

Descriptions：

1. The information of the candidates and the projects will be used for both pre-meeting evaluation and formal communication. Please fill in accurately.
2. When choosing an option，please fill "☐" with "☑".
3. Any additional information can be attached. Please comply with the confidential policy strictly if the project is linked to your company business.
4. Please send the finished form before 15th of March 2016 to the following e-mail：lifescience@fcpae.com

Federation of Chinese Professional Associations in Europa (FCPAE)
Sino-European Life Science Forum organizing committee

Annex 3 :

CAST & the HOME Program

China Association for Science and Technology

The China Association for Science and Technology (CAST) is the largest national non-governmental organization of scientific and technological workers in China, which also serves as the bridge that links the Communist Party of China and the Chinese government to the country's science and technology community. Through its member societies - 204 in number - and local branches all over the country, the organization maintains close ties with millions of Chinese scientists, engineers and other people working in the fields of science and technology.

The history of CAST can trace back to the eve of the founding of the People's Republic of China in 1949 when a number of the nation's primary scientific and technological organizations were gathering at a meeting to call upon the country's science and technology community to dedicate all their efforts to the building of New China. The meeting led to the birth in 1950 of two new national organizations -- All-China Federation of Natural Science Societies and All-China Association for Science Popularization. In September 1958, the two organizations decided at their joint congress to merge into a unified single organization - the China Association for Science and Technology.

Since its inauguration, CAST has made significant contributions to the prosperity and development of science and technology, to the popularization of science and technology among the public, to the emerging of large numbers of professional talents, and to the overall economic and social development in China.

As the bridge linking Chinese science and technology community with the Communist Party of China and the Chinese government, CAST is a constituent member of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference (CPPCC), where it joins the nation's political parties and other social groups in the state affairs of political consultation, policy-making and democratic supervision.

The highest leading organ of CAST is the National Congress that meets every five years and the National Committee elected by it. The President of the present National Committee is Prof. Han Qide. The Secretariat appointed by the National Committee is responsible for the daily work of CAST, which is headed by the Chief Executive -- Dr. Shang Yong.

CAST devotes itself to boosting the development of science and technology in China and enhancing science literacy of the whole nation, organizes and encourages scientists and engineers of the country, through its affiliated organizations, to conduct academic exchange, science popularization and scientific and technological consulting and other activities according to the country's science and technology development strategy, accelerate the emergence of scientific and technological talents, voice the opinions of science and technology professionals and firmly safeguards their legitimate rights.

CAST maintains cooperative relations with scientific and technological organizations of many countries and, as the representative of Chinese science and technology community, are members of ICSU, WFEO and many other international scientific and technological organizations. In 2004, CAST was granted consultative status with the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations.

HOME Program

Hub of Innovation and Entrepreneurship for Overseas Professionals

"HOME Program", jointly initiated by the China Association for Science and Technology (CAST) and 35 overseas Chinese professional organizations, was officially inaugurated in Beijing, China in February, 2004. With the support of the Central government and local governments across China, "HOME Program" serves as a hub of innovation and entrepreneurship for overseas professionals with science and technology background to serve and to engage them in the social and economic development in China.

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HOME

In the past 10 years, "HOME Program" has organized various activities helping overseas professionals to conduct academic and technology exchanges and cooperation, project collaborations, setting up business start-ups, inspection trips, survey and training programs and business consulting in China with the concerted efforts of its 50+ HOME Program Bases managed by CAST local branches throughout the country.

HOME Program has conducted several inspection trips with delegates from overseas to various Chinese cities and regions focusing on major issues such as energy ecological environment, innovation and entrepreneurship of oversea returnees' enterprises, oversea talents strategy, bio-pharmaceutical and life science, and overseas technology transfer, and provided effective consulting to both government and business sectors. Many Chinese leaders including Premier Li Keqiang and Vice Premier Liu Yandong have responded most favorably and given precise instructions for related ministries and institutions to follow up. As a result of the energy ecological environment inspection trip, a solar powered pumping irrigation system was set up as a model project in Qinghai province, and won the UN Green Technology Award of Human Settlement in 2014."HOME Program" has established several other Model Projects ranging from water treatment, Industrial waste treatment, modern farming, robot and artificial intelligence and technology transfer, to name just a few.

As an important part of the Strategic Cooperation Agreement between CAST and the governments of Shanghai, Shenzhen and Hubei signed in 2015, "HOME Program" has set up a pilot project entitled "Off-shore Innovation and Entrepreneurial Base for Overseas Professionals" in each city and province, aiming at attracting more and more overseas professionals to conduct business in China on these platforms with more favorable policies and business infrastructures.

"HOME Program" is a service platform for overseas professionals with science and technology background, and CAST is the HOME for science and technology professionals all over the world.

(CAST)

Annex 4:

Jiangsu and JAST

Jiangsu Province



Jiangsu Province, located in the Yangtze River Delta bordering the East China Sea, covers an area of 102,600 square kilometers with a population of 76.245 million. It is known for its beautiful landscape, pleasant climate, abundant resources and convenient communications. Because of its heritage of culture and history of 6,000 years, its well-built economic, scientific and technological infrastructure, and its leading position in opening up to the outside world, Jiangsu—"a land of fish and rice"—has become in China one of the most dynamic and developed provinces in terms of science and technology, economy and culture.

At present Jiangsu boasts of 3,889 research and development institutions, 5.8 million professionals, of whom 360,000 work in the fields of science and technology, and 87 academicians both from Chinese Academy of Sciences and Chinese Academy of Engineering. Jiangsu ranks first in the country with its 119 universities and colleges and 1.395 million undergraduates. It ranks third among all the provinces in terms of scientific and educational resources in the country.



Brief Introduction of JAST

Jiangsu Association for Science and Technology (JAST for short), which was founded in Sept. 1959, is a mass organization for scientists, engineers and technicians province-wide. As a local organization at the provincial level under China Association for Science and Technology, JAST consists of 13 province-governed municipal ASTs and 132 provincial learned societies (associations and research institutes) with a membership of 209 thousand. It also has its subordinate ASTs in large factories, mines, universities and colleges.

The JAST congress is held every five years to select its committee members. Members of the standing committee, president, vice presidents and the secretary general are selected by the committee. Members of the standing committee consist of famous scientists within the province and presidents of the municipal ASTs.

JAST is a powerful social force in the development of scientific and technological cause in Jiangsu. Its major objectives are:

i. To promote academic exchanges, sponsor seminars, enliven academic ideas, develop disciplines, upgrade the standard of science and technology and accelerate economic development and social progress.
ii. To promote the advancement and popularization of science and technology, defend the dignity of science, teach science and technology to youth and children, improve the scientific literacy of the whole province.
iii. To voice the opinions and needs of scientists, engineers and technicians, safeguard their lawful rights and interests, organize scientific and technological workers to participate in the making of policies and regulations concerning science and technology and in the political consultation and democratic supervision over the whole provincial affairs.
iv. To commend and award outstanding scientists, engineers and technicians and recommend talented people.
v. To provide advisory and consulting services on science and technology-related issues make recommendations on policies, facilitate the transfer of scientific achievements, and be entrusted with project evaluations, achievements identification and evaluation of professional titles.
vi. To organize international non-governmental science and technology exchanges, promote international cooperation and develop friendly relations with the scientific and technological communities at home and abroad.
vii. To develop continued education and training programs for scientific and technological workers and staff members of JAST.
viii. To promote cooperation between circles of natural science and social science of the province.
ix. To develop undertakings in accordance with the objectives of JAST.

(JAST)

Annex 5:

General information of Jiangsu biotechnology and new medicine industry development

Ⅰ. General information

1. Industry scale maintains a rapid growth.

   In 2013, Jiangsu biotechnology and new medicine industry achieved an output value of 604.6 billion Yuan, with year-on-year growth of 19.7% which is 4.5% and 8.9% respectively higher than the provincial high and new technology industries increase and growth of industries above a designated scale, maintaining a strong growth momentum; in recent 3 years, the biotechnology and new medicine industry have an annual average increase of 23.4%, which ranks among the highest of all industries in Jiangsu, and occupy a share of 4.5% in 2013 from 3.5% in 2010 of all industries in Jiangsu, thus becoming an important force of supporting and leading Jiangsu economic growth and transformation. In 2013, Jiangsu new medicine industry achieved an output value of 308.9 billion Yuan with year-on-year growth of 20.1%, ranking the second of industry scale in the country, among which chemicals active ingredient and reagent, Chinese herbal pieces and Chinese patent medicine, biomedicine, medical equipment respectively achieved an output value of 183.4 billion Yuan, 28.1 billion Yuan, 34 billion Yuan and 44.7 billion Yuan.

2. Development trend of industry clusters begins to emerge.

   At present, Jiangsu has basically formed a biomedicine industrial layout centered on Taizhou China Medicine City with distinctive and differentiated development in cities such as Lianyungang, Suzhou, Nanjing, Xuzhou and Nantong. These 6 cities, taking up 70% of the output value of Jiangsu biotechnology and new medicine industry, are the main innovation areas, demonstration areas and gathering areas. Among the cities, the scale of biotechnology and new medicine industry of Taizhou ranks the first in Jiangsu, the output value of chemicals reagent manufacturing reaches 47.8 billion Yuan occupying 40% of that of the province; Lianyungang, focusing on developing innovative drugs such as antineoplastic agents and antihepatopathy drugs with independent intellectual property rights, has the leading technological advantages and industrial advantages in the country; based on superior geographical position, Suzhou and Wuxi actively accept international biopharmaceutical industry transfer, and develop well in fields of biomedical engineering and medical R&D service; the bio-environmental industry of Yixing, medical equipment industry of Suzhou, bio-pesticide industry of Yancheng, Yangzhou and Changzhou have significant brand effects.

3. Technical innovation level ranks the country's leading level.

   In recent years, the innovation ability of Jiangsu biotechnology and new medicine industry takes the lead in China, number of new drug application, permitted clinical trial permission, listed new drugs rank the country's leading level. Up to October, 2014, Jiangsu has 41 first class national new drugs, occupying about 30% of the country, which ranks the first in China. In recent years, several products and technologies take lead in China, the competitiveness of chemicals reagent ranks the first in China, genetic engineering drugs such as recombinant insulin and blood vessel endostatin go to the market firstly, sales of

first lines of tumor chemotherapeutics account for 20% of the country, antibiotic drugs, antineoplastic agents and antihepatopathy drugs have a strong competitive edge. The competitiveness and market share of biomedicine big variety boosting many exclusive types of drugs are enhanced continuously.

4. Enterprise innovation abilities are improved steadily.

   In 2013, R&D expenditure accounts for 1.89% of prime operating revenue for new medicine enterprises above a designated scale in Jiangsu, R&D employees account for 9.46% of the total employed persons, which rank the top of all industries. 13 enterprises including Hengrui Medicine and Kangyuan Medicine, listed on stock markets at home and abroad, are the biomedicine enterprise groups with the strongest innovation atmosphere, the strongest innovation vigor and the highest innovation level, thus becoming the dominant force leading innovation development of all fields of Jiangsu biomedicine. Key enterprises have stronger strength, for example, 12 enterprises such as Yangtze River Pharm, Chia Tai-Tianqing Pharmaceutical, Kangyuan, Hengrui, Simcere and AstraZeneca become the state's top 100 pharmaceutical enterprises, this number makes Jiangsu the first in China, and Yangtze River Pharm ranks the third in China.

Ⅱ.Requirements

1. Innovate the levels completely.

   Actively apply advanced sci-tech achievements in the fields of biotechnology and life science, take full advantage of traditional Chinese medicine in Jiangsu, have the aid of technological advantage from Europe to upgrade enterprises' innovation levels. Meanwhile, take full advantage of resource and market advantages overseas so as to make sure that Chinese products can enter European and American markets.

2. Promote the development of medical R&D service outsourcing.

   Actively integrate into the global bioengineering and pharmaceutical industry R&D chain. Cultivate and strength the local medical R&D service outsourcing enterprises, further support Wuxi PharmaTech, Dingyebaitai and other R&D service outsourcing backbone enterprises, make full use of resource advantage from scientific research institutions and biotechnology industry base advantage from Nanjing, Wuxi and Suzhou, upgrade the professional service level of Jiangsu biotechnology R&D. Actively attract international medical R&D outsourcing enterprises, promote Jiangsu to integrate into the global bioengineering and pharmaceutical industry R&D chain gradually with the aid of enhancing the layout of R&D center in China by international drug giants.

(JAST)

Annex 6:

Brief introduction of Hangzhou



Hangzhou is the capital of Zhejiang Province, China. It is one of the most important 3 central cities of the eastern China. Hangzhou is a transportation hub. It locates at the downstream of the Qiantang River and is the end of the Beijing Hangzhou Grand Canal. It is one of the centers of politics, economy, culture, science, education, transportation, communications, media and financer in Zhejiang Province and the Yangtze River Delta. Many national e-commerce, information, business, logistics and distribution centers are headquartered in the city.

Due to convenience of the Beijing Hangzhou Grand Canal, and its developed silk and grain industry, Hangzhou was in the history an important commercial center of China. Hangzhou City has a total area of 16596 square kilometers with the downtown area 3068 square kilometers including 9 city districts, 2 counties and 2 county-level cities. Hangzhou has rivers, lakes, mountain in the natural environment. The longest canal in the world - the famous Beijing Hangzhou Grande Canal and the Qian Tang River are crossing the city. Hangzhou is flat with dense river network, lakes with a typical "Jiangnan" feature. Hangzhou is rich in natural resources, known as the "land of plenty", "land of silk", "an earthly paradise". Natural conditions for agricultural production is perfect, the products such as rice, tees, livestock are very much. The sericulture in Hangzhou, West Lake Longjing tea is famous all over the country.

Hangzhou is a famous tourist city, which is famous for its beautiful scenery. There are numerous cultural and historical sites in the city. The most famous scenic area is the West Lake. The surrounding of the West Lake has a large number of natural and cultural landscape relics. Hangzhou is one of the origins of the Wu Yue culture, the historical and cultural heritage. The city is the main representative of the unique culture of a Liangzhu culture, silk culture, tea culture and handed down many stories legend.

Hangzhou has two national scenic spots of West Lake area and the "rivers and lakes" area which includes Fuchun River - Xin'an River – Qiandao Lake – Xianghu Lake. Hangzhou has 2 National Nature parks - Tianmu Mountain and Qingliang Mountain; 7 National Forest Parks -- Qiandao Lake, Dajishan mountain, Wuchaoshan mountain, Fuchunjiang river, Qingshan Lake, Banshan mountain and Tonglu Yaolin Park; 1 national tourism resort - Zhijiang National Tourist and holiday resort area; the first national Xixi National Wetland Park. Hangzhou also has 25 national key cultural relics protection units and 9 National Museums. The city has another 120 sightseeing sites which attracts lots of tourist. Following the West Lake listing in the World Heritage list, the Chinese Grande Canal was selected as the world heritage on June 22, 2014. These two World Heritages add the cultural image to the ancient city of Hangzhou.

Hangzhou is an important center of China's e-commerce and cross-border trade. The only national cross-border e-suppliers zone was established in 2005 in Hangzhou. The internationally famous company Alibaba was located in Hangzhou. Hangzhou is also an important part of “One Belt and One Road, it is necessary way for Yiwu commodity to go to the Central Asia and West Asia.

Hangzhou is a national pilot city of information technology, e-commerce, e-government, digital TV, software industry and integrated circuit design. Hangzhou is committed to building a "Binjiang paradise Silicon Valley" with the focus on information, new medicine, environmental protection, new materials. The leading high-tech industry development in Hangzhou is running very well and it becomes a major feature and advantage of Hangzhou. The 6 industrial chains including communication, software, integrated circuit, digital television, animation and online games are becoming bigger and stronger. 12 enterprises in Hangzhou enters the ranks of the national top 100 software enterprises; 15 enterprises enter the ranks of the national key software enterprise; 14 IT companies are listed in the domestic and foreign stock markets.

On August 17, 2015, the Chinese Olympic Committee has submitted the application from Hangzhou to the Olympic Council of Asia to host the 2022 Asian Games. In 2016, the G20 summit will be held in Hangzhou.

Annex 7:

Hangzhou Association for Science and Technology

Hangzhou Association for Science and Technology is the organization of the professionals in Science and technology from City Hangzhou. It is the local organizations of the China Association for Science and Technology and is a part of the Zhejiang Provincial Association for Science and Technology. It is also a unit of Hangzhou Committee of the Chinese people's Political Consultative Conference. The organization is leaded by the CPC Hangzhou Committee and Hangzhou local government and is the bridge to link the CPC party and government with the scientific and technical workers and plays a major role to promote the national science and technology development.

Hangzhou Association for Science and Technology was founded in December 1958. The activities were interrupted during the "Cultural Revolution" and resumed in April 1978. Until the end of 2013, 13 districts and counties (cities), Hangzhou Economic Development Zone, West Lake Scenic Area have joined the association and established the local associations to achieve full coverage of the administrative area of the City Hangzhou. The association currently has 74 municipal subsidiaries, 59 municipal subsidiaries in enterprises, 2 subsidiaries in universities, 3 subsidiaries in research institutes. The organization has established 335 agencies in the district and county (city), 165 agencies in enterprise in the district and county (city), 347 agencies for agricultural professionals in the district and county (city). The association has built a multi-level network covering science, industry, agriculture, medicine and other fields. Hangzhou Association for Science and Technology has achieved to develop science and technology, to popularization and promotion of science and technology, to help the talent professionals to develop in science and technology, to promote the application of science and technology in economy, to maintain the legitimate rights and interests of professionals, to organize the professionals to participate in politic activities, to promote the transfer of government functions, to promote the economic and social innovation driven development. The association has made an important contribution to achieve the aim of “the east qualitative city, happy and harmonious Hangzhou”.

Hangzhou Association for science and Technology has 4 offices: the general office, the office for publicity (the office of legal services), the office for popularization of Science, the office for agencies (the office for international exchange). The following 4 units belongs to the association: Hangzhou anti-cult office, Hangzhou Information Center for Science and Technology, Hangzhou Service Center for Professionals in science and technology, China Low Carbon Science and Technology Museum.

Main tasks of Hangzhou Association for Science and Technology are:

1. 1, Promotion of academic exchanges, activation of academic thinking, development of science and technology, application of knowledge, innovation and technological achievements into practical productive forces.

2. Promotion of the scientific spirit and the popularization of scientific knowledge, dissemination of scientific thought and scientific method, opposing the cults, feudal superstition and pseudo-science and anti-science; Promotion of science and technology in young people, improvement of the scientific and cultural qualities of the people.
3. Response of the opinions and demands of the scientific and technical workers, maintenance of the legitimate rights and interests of professionals, recommendation of talents, recognition of outstanding scientific and technological workers, creation of the home for science and technology professionals; promotion of the social fashion to respect knowledge and the talented person.
4. Organization of professionals to participate on science and technology policies and regulations construction, carrying out scientific evaluation, suggestion of scientific policy proposals; participation in political consultation, promotion of a scientific and democratic decision-making.
5. Promotion of advanced technology and scientific and technical services.
6. Accomplishment of continuing education and technical training of scientific and technical personnel; Evaluation of professional title and scientific project.
7. Promotion of non-governmental international scientific and technological exchanges and cooperation, the development of friendly exchanges with domestic and foreign scientific and technological groups and scientific and technological professionals and to strengthen relations with Hong Kong, Macao and Taiwan non-governmental scientific and technological organizations.
8. Leading of subsidiaries and agencies, promotion of the cooperation with other social organizations.
9. Undertaking other tasks assigned by the municipal Party committee and local government.

(HAST)

Annex 8:

SHAOXING

A brief introduction

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City Profile

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- Geographic location
- Population and land
- Climate and mineral resources
- Rivers, lakes and nature reserves
- High-profiled images
- Economic Strength
- Investment environment
- Landscape & culture heritage

Districts & Counties under Shaoxing's Jurisdiction

- Yuecheng Distric
- Keqiao District
- Shangyu District
- Zhuji City
- Shengzhou City
- Xinchang County

Profile of Development Zones

- Shaoxing High & New Tech Development Zone
- Shaoxing Paojiang Economic and Technical Development Zone
- Jinghu New District
- Shaoxing Binhai New Town

1. City Profile

The city in the history



Shaoxing boasts an ancient history and rich cultural heritages, being a famous city of history and culture in the first list published by the State Council. Of the three legendary saints for the founding of the Chinese civilizations (emperors Yao, Shun and Yu), two of them were related with Shaoxing. Historical documents recorded that Emperor Yu died and was buried in Kuaiji, an ancient name of Shaoxing. There are relics, mausoleum and temples of Emperor Yu as well as places in the legendary and tales in relation with Emperor Shun. The Xiaohuangshan Relics unearthed in Shengzhou, which was the China's top tenarchaeological discoveries of2005, brought the Neolithic Age civilization in Zhejiang and the lower reaches of the Yangtze River back to 9,000 years ago.

In 490 BC, the city was established as the capital of the Yue Kingdom. In 221 BC, the Kuaiji County was set up here. In 605 AD, Kuaiji County renamed as Yuezhou. During the Southern Song Dynasty, the city twice

became the alternate capital of the nation, and Shaoxing Prefecture was established to replace Yuezhou. After the founding of the People's Republic of China in 1949, Shaoxing was a special prefecture until 1983 when it became a city under the jurisdiction of the provincial government and administrating counties.

In November of 2013, approved by State Council and Zhejiang Provincial Government, Shaoxing County and Shangyu City were upgraded to be Keqiao District and Shangyu District respectively, which was a breakthrough and laid a solid foundation for future construction as a big city.

Geographic location

Shaoxing is located between 29.14 degrees and 30.16 degrees north latitude, and between 119.53 degrees and 121.14 degrees east longitude. Situated in the western part of the Ningbo-Shaoxing Plain, in the south of the Yangtze River and in the central and northern parts of Zhejiang Province, the city is adjacent to Hangzhou to the west, Ningbo to the east and Hangzhou Bay to the north. It has an easy access to land, water and air transportation. The Eastern Zhejiang Canal and Yangzhou Ningbo Railway run across the city. There are airports nearby Shaoxing, it takes only 40 minutes to the Xiaoshan International Airport and 60 minutes to the Ningbo Airport by driving.

Population and land

The city covers an area of 8256 square kilometer with a population of 4.41 million. The administration area of the city is 2942 square kilometers with a population of 2.1612 million.

Climate and mineral resources

The subtropical monsoon climate brings distinctive four seas, humid and mild weather, as well as abundance of sunshine. The city has an average annual temperature of 16.9 degrees centigrade and an average annual precipitation of 1,492.1 mm. In addition to approximate 40 kilometers of offshore coast, Shaoxing has 40,000 hectares of low beaches, estuaries and shallow sea areas. It has 21,110 hectares of arable land and produces 6.38 billion cubic meters of water resources a year. Over 60 mineral resources are founded in Shaoxing, with copper and iron ore reserves amounting over half of the province. Its reserve of diatomaceous earth ranks first in China.

Rivers, lakes and nature reserves

Shaoxing has an extensive web of rivers and lakes, including Cao'e River, Puyang River and East Zhejiang Canal. There are over 30 lakes in the area, including 14 large ones, with each covering at least 60 hectares in area. The most famous one is the Jinghu Lake, where the Jinghu Lake Wetland Park was approved to become a national reserve of its kind in May 2005. Approved by the Ministry of Construction, the park was the first wetland reserve in Zhejiang Province. The city is home to Zhuji Dongbai Lake Provincial Natural Reserve, as well as four national forest parks, named under Lanting, Wuxie Waterfall, Nanshan Lake and Zhao's Town. Shaoxing has an extensive web of rivers and lakes, including Cao'e River, Puyang River and East Zhejiang Canal. There are over 30 lakes in the city, including 14 large ones, with each covering at least 60 hectares in area. The most famous one is the Jinghu Lake, where the Jinghu Lake Wetland Park was approved to become a national reserve of its kind in May 2005. Approved by the Ministry of Construction, the park was the first wetland reserve in Zhejiang Province. The city is home to Zhuji Dongbai Lake Provincial Natural Reserve, as well as four national forest parks, named under Lanting, Wuxie Waterfall, Nanshan Lake and Zhao's Town.

High-profiled images

Shaoxing is well known for its waterside landscapes, bridges of different shapes, rice wine, calligraphy, local operas and celebrities. The city has won many national titles, including the famous national historic and cultural city, the excellent tourist city, the model city in environmental protection, national garden city, advanced city in in the work of building a civilization city, national advanced city of science & technology development, national excellent city of comprehensive management, national water economic city, China brand economy city, China excellent innovative city, China Habitat City, UN Habitat City.

Economic Strength

In 2013, city government closely follows the theme of scientific development and principle task of accelerating economic development, as well as the targets set by provincial government. The works are carried out with joint efforts and solid steps and a principle of stable, practical, innovation, beneficial, and all these contributed to the momentum of economic and social development.

In 2013, the economic development of whole city maintains a steady speed with transformation and upgrading actively promoted. Total output value to reached 396.729 billion yuan, increasing by 8.5%, public budget revenue 29.307 billion, increasing by 10.3%, fixed assets investment 200.199 billion, industrial investment 99.979 billion, increasing by 16.2% and 13.4% respectively, retail sales of consumer good 131.839 billion, increasing 13.8%, foreign export 27.916 billion USD, increasing 9.2%, per capital disposal income of urban residence 40454 yuan, increasing 9.6%, per capital net income of rural residence 19618 yuan, increasing 10.8%.

Investment environment

Shaoxing is a city given priority by the state government in planning and development in Yangtze River Delta. It has had 36 international sister cities from Japan, USA, Denmark and etc. Shaoxing's commodities are exported to over 200 countries and regions. Over 5100 enterprises are built in Shaoxing by investment from 50 countries and regions including USA, Japan and Europe. It is evaluated by the World Bank as one of the six "golden cities" of China with excellent investment environment. The completion of Jiaxing Shaoxing Cross Bay Bridge and development of Shaoxing Binhai New City will accelerate its pace of integration with Yangtze River Delta and globalization.

Landscape & culture heritage

The beautiful landscape of Shaoxing is a top attraction of the region in the lower reach of Yangtze river. It has much to offer from its natural landscape, ancient city folk customs, and human culture spots. The city has vigorously innovated the mode of cultural heritage conservation, and deepened the reform on the tourism system. Some tourist themes are focused like water city, ancient town, and recreation resort, to develop a brand new concept of culture tourism and whole city tourism. A total of 56.833 million tourists visited Shaoxing in 2013, with a tourism revenue of 5.8435 billion RMB yuan.

Cultural Heritages

The city of Shaoxing could be viewed as a living museum. It is home to over 390 culture relics protection sites of all levels, 30 of which are of national level, namely Shaoxing Luxun Native Place (including San Wei Study and Zhou's Ancient Courtyard), Qiu Jing Native Place (including Qiujin Monument), Mausoleum of

Emperor Yu, Group of Ancient Bridges, The Lv's House, Cai Yunpei Native Place, Qin Teng Study, Tomb of Xu Wei, Da Tong School, Xu Xilin Native Place, Orchid Pavilion, Ang Sang Lake, the Great Canal, Ancient Track Road, Yin Shan Yue Emperor's Mausoleum, Wang Shouren Native Place and Tomb, Fu Sheng Kiln Site, Mausoleums of Song Dynasty, Temple of Emperor Shun, Ke Yan Statue and on-Cliff Sculpture, Noble Tomb Group of Yue, Ancient Buildings of the Si's, Donghua City Pagoda, Xiao Xian Tan Kiln Site (including Da Yuan Ping Kiln Site and Xiao Lu Ao Kiln Site), Temple of Cao E, Old Site of Chun Hui Middle School, Feng Huang Mountain Kiln Sites, Cong Ren Village Architectural Complex, Ma Yinchu Native Place, Hua Tang the Wang's Ancestral Hall, Xiao Huang Shan Historic Relics, Maitreya Statue of Giant Buddhist Temple, Thousands Buddha Statues. Over 60 culture relics are under protection of provincial government. Eighty culture relics are located in downtown. In addition, 16,566 items are listed as intangible culture heritage, and 21 of them are listed among the national level intangible culture heritage.

The charm of a water city

Shaoxing banks on the Jianhu Lake water system. The 36 rivers originate from the Kuaiji Mountains and merge into the Jianhu Lake. Wupeng boat is a small boat of dark awning that is peddled with both hands and feet and widely used by local people for transportation and fishing. Sitting on the boat and moving slowly along the ancient track road, you find yourself like quietly sleeping on the ripples of the Jianhu Lake. When you peddle on the canal that surrounds the city, listening to the sound of water spraying against the boat, or strolling along the stone-paved alleys preserved for historical values like Changqiao lane, Wang Xizi Native Place, you will be intoxicated by the glamour of water the town. We no need to mention the East Lake, the lovely huge bonsai of the city. When the black awning boat takes you amid the caves left over from the ancient quarry with cliffs around you, you couldn't help imagine that you have arrived in a fairyland. But in Shaoxing, this is a common way of life that can be found everywhere every day.

Heritage of the ancient city

First built during the Spring and Autumn period, Shaoxing has stood on the same site ever since, withered a history of over 2,500 years. In 490 BC, Yue King Gou Jian order one of his minister Fan Li to build the city. Fan built the city walls along Wolong Hill and opened four gates on land and one gate on water. In Sui Dynasty, the city was expanded. Since the very ancient days, Shaoxing has been known for its waterside scenery. Today, there are 229 stone bridges built across 33 rivers that run across the old town. The splay bridge, in the shape of Chinese character for the number eight, was built in the Southern Song Dynasty and was the first urban flyover in China. There are over 10,000 bridges of different shapes across the city.

The effect of famous people "Shaoxing has so many famous people", this is the concise summary and evaluation by late Chairman Mao Zedong to the best of Shaoxing's culture. In history, Shaoxing had 27 persons awarded the first place the highest imperial examinations and 2,238 were qualified to take the examinations. In the modern history, there were also lots of famous revolutionaries, statesmen, strategists, literature masters, education masters and martyrs of democratic revolution, including Zhou Enlai, Lu Xun, Cai Yuanpei, Qiu Jin, Xu Xilin and Tao Chengzhang. Four of the 40 historically great people, whose statues are placed in the Century Altar of China in Beijing were natives of Shaoxing or people who spent most of their life in the city. Their names are Wang Xizhi, Cai Yuanpei, Lu Xun and Ma Yinchu. Late Chinese Premier Zhou Enlai said proudly: "I am a native of Shaoxing." Indeed, Shaoxing is the place that is propitious for giving birth to great people. There were so many historic legends relating to Shaoxing that it is difficult to estimate the exact number. Yu was one of the founders of Xia Dynasty and got his fame for controlling the flood water. King Gou Jian revived his Yue kingdom by sleeping on firewood and tasting gall to strengthen his resolve to avenge a national humiliation. Xie An, an official in Dongjin Dynasty, regained power after living in seclusion for quite a long time, bringing peace and stability to the whole country. A great poet Lu You of Song Dynasty left a sad love story with Tang Wan. Liang Shanbo and Zhu Yingtai have become a story known to the whole world in the story of Butterfly Lovers, the Chinese version of Romeo and Juliet.

Operas and calligraphy

In the famous home of opera - Shaoxing, there are five major forms of local operas, including Shaoxing Opera, Yueju Opera, Xinchang Tiaoqiang, Zhuji Luantan and Shaoxing Yingge Band, and another five musical verses of Shaoxing Lianhualao, Shaoxing Pinghudiao, Xuanjuan, Luodi Changshu and Shaoxing Shidiao. Yueju is the second largest opera in China. Shaoxing is the Mecca for calligraphy. The Preface to the Orchid Pavilion Poems written by Wang Xizhi has been regarded "the Number One Running Script in the World" The Orchid Pavilion has therefore become a long worshipped sacred place.

Date with Mother Earth, Public Publicity Program for Land Saving

Successfully being the host of 6th World Choir Games, 9th World Korfball Championship, 8th National Games of Disabled Persons, and 21st China Golden Rooster & Hundred Flowers Film Festival, the city of Shaoxing hosted a Public Publicity Program for Land Saving, Date with mother Earth, calling on the whole society for land saving and resource protection.

2、DISTRICTS & COUNTIES UNDER SHAOXING,S JURISDICTION

Yuecheng District

With an administrative area of 498 square kilometers, and 740,000 population, Yuecheng District has 10 towns with 7 residential streets. Yuecheng district is honored as a place boasting beautiful sceneries, historic sites and celebrities. Celebrities like Wang Xizi, Lu You, Qiu Jin, Cai Yuanpei, Lu Xun, Zhou Enlai left their traces there. President Mao Zedong described it in this way: Yue district with minor lake is the hometome of many celebrities.

Over recent years, the district government stresses the principal of adaption means enhancement, specific comes from insight, consolidation is reinforce, focusing on the urban economy, overall urban-rural planning, urban management, urban stabilization and coordination between provincial and municipal key projects. The development of economy and society is sound and fast.

As for urban economy development, the district, insisting on modern commercial service industry, urban industry and rural agriculture as the leading roles and the ecological parks, Shaoixng furniture cities, provincial modern agricultural and grain regions and other development platforms as the carriers, accelerates the industry transformation and upgrading to boost a steady and sound economic development.

As for overall urban-rural planning, the district, focusing on the construction of central towns, renovation of villages-in-town, rural community construction, the construction of landscaped villages and other tasks, has actively driven the integrated development of urban and rural economy and society. Rural facilities have been continuously improved. The waste treatment mode of " collected by households, cleaned by villages, shipped by towns and treated by the district " has been practiced across the city. The integrated urban-rural environmental protection and sanitation management continuously develops. The rural area of Yuecheng District is the cleanest one of its kind in the city.

As for urban management and social service development, the district, with the "plot-based management " , " digital urban administration " , old residential community renovation, harmonious community construction as the carrier, continuously optimize urban environment and improves the life quality of rural and urban residents. It has achieved overall progresses in education, culture, medical service and other public fields, pocketed titles including National Science Popularization pilot District, National Community

Education Pilot District, Top Sci-tech District, Top Education District, Top Sport District, and Advanced Community Health Service District of Zhejiang province.

The building of Safe Yuecheng is deepened on the basis of stability. The ability of solving social conflicts and stabilization is improved. Mass participated management and consultation are deepened, solving all kinds of long-standing cases, dealing with collective emergency in an appropriate manner, consolidating integration work of urban and rural areas, and popularizing juristic consultant system at grass-root level. The district has been ranked in the 1st place among all the county-level cities or districts in Zhejiang province for 8 consecutive years since 2005.

In 2013, the output value from the areas that within the practical jurisdiction of district government was 27.8 billion yuan, public revenue 1.1 billion yuan, total retail sales of consumer goods 18.05 billion yuan, and foreign export value 1.84 billion USD. Per capita disposable income of urban residents reached 38,020 yuan and net income of rural residents 20,920 yuan.

Keqiao District

Keqiao District is located on the south bank of Hangzhou bay, with Ningbo to the east and Hangzhou to the west. Keqiao District was upgraded from Shaoxing County in November of 2013. With an area of 1041 square kilometers, the district governs 1 national-level economy and technology development zone, 1 provincial-level tourist resort, 4 residential streets and 12 towns, being home to 642,900 registered residence and 860,000 registered immigrants.

Keqiao District is one of the national top-ranking counties in economic development, and has, in successive years, ranked among the top ten in terms of fundamental competitiveness of economy nationwide. It was ranked top for comprehensive management of rural and urban areas in Zhejiang province for 6 years, pilot area for all-round well-off development for 4 times, and public security area in Zhejiang for 8 years. The district is among the first to carry out free 9-year compulsory education. Works like popularization of public health care system of three levels of district-town-village, local culture development, construction of Zhi Jiang campus of Zhejiang University of Technology, employment, retirement security and social assistance are promoted with steady steps. Qian Qing Town is now one of 27 small pilot towns of Zhejiang province. Five towns including Yang Xunqiao Town and Ping Shui Town are pilot town of Shaoxing, earning honorary titles as Beautiful Countryside of Zhejiang. Over 95% area of the district is regarded as clean area by standard.

Keqiao District plays a leading role in textile manufacturing nationwide. It has an integrated industrial chain covering all aspects of the preceding PTA, weaving, printing and dyeing as well as clothes and home textiles making. It is home to China Textile City, which is the largest professional market in the world. The transaction volume reached about110 billion RMB yuan, and one fourth of the deals of chemical fabrics in the world are made here.

In 2013, output value of area reached 110.31 billion yuan, disposal income of urban residence 44,821 yuan, and per capital cash income of rural residence 24,173 yuan, fiscal revenue reached 13.58 billion yuan, local fiscal revenue 7.76 billion, indusrtrial output value 416.48 billion, output value of large-scaled industries 350.89 billion, fixed-asset investment 50.33 billion and investment for industry 25.49 billion.

Shangyu District

Covering an area of 1,403 square kilometers, the Shangyu District administer 15 towns, 3 townships, 3 villages and 3 residential streets with a total population of 779,500. The area was upgraded to be a district in November of 2013.

With more than 2,200 years of county history, it is the place where Shun, one of legendary the three emperors and five sovereigns in ancient China, met with officials. It is also one of the world cradles of celadon, an important station of the road of poetry of the Tang Dynasty in eastern part of Zhejiang Province, and the hometown of Zhu Yingtai, a legendary figure in the Butterfly Lovers. For years, regional cultures like Yushun culture, faithfulness culture, celadon culture and Butterfly Lovers Culture are formed, giving birth to outstanding figures like Wang Yun, Xie An, Zhang Xuecheng, Ma Yifu, Zhu Kezhen, Hu Yuzhi, Jing Shuping, Wu Juenong, Xie Jin, He Zhenliang and so on. It is honored as a City of Faithfulness and Ethics of China, and Pilot Civil City of Zhejiang, as well as Historic and Cultural City of Zhejiang.

With qualified industries and prosperous economy, the city has two provincial-level development zones, namely Hangzhou Bay-Shangyu Industrial Park, and Economic Development Zone. Shangyu has formed five major sectors: machinery and equipment, fine chemical industry, light industry and textiles, lighting electrics, photovoltaic generation and green energy, as well as eight cluster economic sectors including umbrella parts, copper pipe, gloves and socks, and auto parts. It is now one of the 17 top counties in term of economic strength in Zhejiang province, and architectural outstanding city. By now, it is home to 558 industrial enterprises of large-scaled, among which, 205 have the asset of 100 million yuan and 10 are listed in the market. Output value of large-scaled industries reached 148.67 billion yuan in 2013.

With the outstanding advantage of transportation, the modern service industry witnessed rapid development. With the completion of construction of Jiaxing-Shaoxing Cross Bay Bridge, Hangzhou-Ningbo High-Speed railway, and Hangzhou-Ningbo Grand Canal, Shangyu district is integrated into two-hour transportation circle of Shanghai, with more obvious advantage of its location. Modern service industry develops rapidly. East Zhejiang Shopping Festival is becoming one of the most well-known festivals in Yangtze River Delta. In 2013, the total retail sales of social consumer goods reached RMB 21.186 billion yuan, honored as one of the top ten counties in terms of modern service investment in China, and pilot city for innovation and development of modern service industry in Zhejiang, as well as Top City for Commerce and Trade in Zhejiang.

With a solid agricultural basis with prominent features, it has more than 740,000 mu of grain. As a pilot city in grain production in Zhejiang, it has numerous characteristic agricultural and processed products, including tea, chestnuts, cherry, red bayberries, grapes, kiwifruits, and yellow rice wine.

It has two brands well-known as Fruit Tour and Reception Area. It has won titles like China Garden City, China Best Leisure City, China Pilot City of Leisure Agriculture and Village Tourism, Zhejiang Pilot City of Beautiful Countryside Building.

In 2013, output value of the district reached 62.5 billion yuan, fiscal revenue 7.84 billion yuan, public revenue income 4.31 billion yuan, per capital disposal income of urban residence 41, 627 yuan and per capital net income of rural residence 19,608 yuan.

Zhuji

Covering an area of 2311 square kilometers, the city of Zhuji governs 27 towns (villages), and has 1.07 million registered population, over 400,000 immigrants and 1.5 million permanent residents.

The city enjoys a advantageous location, with half-hour drive away from Hangzhou Xiaoshan International Airport, 2.5-hour drive from Shanghai port and Ningbo Port respectively. Shanghai Kunming railway and Hangzhou-Jinhua-Quzhou High Speed Way, Zhuji-Yongjia High Speed Way, Shaoxing-Zhuji High Speed Way traverse across the city, and a high speed railway is expected to construct within this year.

Zhuji is a city about cultural prosperity and social harmony. The history of the county-level city could dates back to Qin Dynasty. It is the birthplace of Xi Shi, a beauty in Chinese history, Wang Mian, a poet and

painter in Yuan Dynasty, Yang Weizhen, a famous scholar and calligrapher, Chen Hongshou, a painter in Ming Dynasty and other 12 Academician and voer 130 generals. In September of 2013, the opening of Ji Yang campus of Zhejiang University of Agriculture and Forest turns on a new chapter for the city.

The industries here are featured and developed with vitality. With the target of taking lead in realizing modernization, harmony and happiness, the city achieved a great in economic development and social tasks. There are over 100,000 industries enterprises, 3 China Top 500, 14 listed companies, the total number of which ranks the third in China and first in Zhejiang among county-level cities. The city has won many honors of national-level and provincial level in terms of socks, pearls and Chinese torreya.

The city is a place of beautiful landscape and poetry. Huan Jiang waterfalls, a national-level tourist resort, Chinese torreya forest, Dong Bai Lake and Bai Ta Lake are attraction to tourists from home and abroad. It is now honored as National Garden City, National Pilot City of Health, Zhejiang Ecologic Protection City and China Top Tourist City.

It is a harmonious and civil place. Feng Qiao Experience is now served as an example for social security management of whole China. It is the only county-level city chosen to be a pilot city in social management and smart city construction. It ranked top in security environment building for 9 years, and now is advancing towards the goal of high-end economy, smart city, ecological evironemnt, rural-urban integration, harmony and happiness.

In 2013, output value of the city reached 90.09 billion yuan, fiscal revenue 10 billion, public budget revenue 5.96 billion, per capital disposal income of urban residence 43,905 yuan, and per capital net income of rural residence 21,180 yuan.

Shengzhou

Covering an area of 1,784 square kilometers, the city of Shengzhou administers 4 sub-districts, 11 towns, 6 townships, 463 administrative villages, and 16 communities with a total population of 735,000. It was established as a county as early as the Qin and Han dynasties. Shengzhou prefecture was established in early Tang Dynasty. It was named Shengxian County during the Song Dynasty, having a history of more than 2,100 years. In May 1995, the county was established as a city.

With profound cultural heritage, and known for the best of best across southeastern sceneries, Shaoxing Opera, Shanxi River, and Xiaohuangshan relics with a long history. Distinctive folk arts and crafts like clay sculpture, bamboo weaving, root art, wood carving and so on, and local cuisines like cage steamed bread and rice flour noodles are created here, gaining honors like home town of Yue Opera, bamboo weaving, I-go, and root-carving. It is also the hometown of such celebrities as Ma Yinchu, Ren Guang, Wang Jinfa, Zheng Wuchang, Liu Wenxi, Ma Xiaochun, and Yuan Xuefen.

Shengzhou city is rich in agricultural resources, including tea, flowers, bamboo shoots, torreya grandis, vegetable, fruits, long hair rabbits and other agricultural products, known as the town of teas, magnolia and peach shaped plum, as well as UN Pilot Area of Green Products and ranked as one of top counties in terms of agricultural features. The area for tea planting is 180,000 mu, and the exportation of Zhu tea accounts for 60% of that of the whole country. "Yue Xiang Dragon Well" is one of the most famous teas in Zhejiang.

With three major industrial complex, namely ties and garment, electrical equipment and cooking utensil, and machinery and electrical machines, the influence of the complex is quite obvious. The booming of emerging industries like auto parts and accessories, IT, new construction materials are accelerated, leading the industrial complex to be in the list of Top 100 Industrial Complexes in China, gain the honors like

International Cosmopolis for Ties in 21st Century, City of Cooking Utensil, City of Electroacoustic Device, and Production Base of Knitwear.

Shengzhou is also an important tourist resort in the east of Zhejiang. Scenic spots like hot spring, drifting, native place of Wang Xizhi, waterfalls, Nanshan Lake, Chongren Ancient Towns are formed and are developed to be A Journey of Yue Culture. Leisure tourism programs like seeking Yue Opera ancestors, flowers and fruits of four seasons, folk arts and crafts and so on are booming with different features.

In 2013, total output value is expected to reach RMB 39.4 billion yuan, public budget revenue 2.27 billion, per capita disposable income of urban residents 40,585 yuan, and per capita net income of rural residents 16,522 yuan.

Xinchang County

Covering an area of 1,213 square kilometers, the county administrates 16 towns and residential streets, and 415 administrative villages, with a population of 430,000.

It is a county with features. With a profound base, biomedical, equipment manufacturing and so on account for 80% of total industries. The county is home to 7 listed companies, 4 national-level innovative enterprises, 4 national-level technology center, accounting for 1/10 of that of Zhejiang province, and fund for research and development accounts for 3.28% of GDP, industries of strategic importance accounts for 38.7%, and production of new products are as high as 49%. Agriculture here are featured with 11 bases for a variety of teas and vegetables, which contribute to titles like hometown of China Tea, major producer of tea industry. Da Fo dragon-well tea has been listed among top ten for several sessions. There is a great potential for tourism development, even with Tian Mu tourist resort and Buddha Temple and Dali Silk Park ranked as AAAA scenic spot.

Xinchang is a livable county, with beautiful and biological environment. It is a forest county of provincial level and has passed technical evaluation for the national level. Water here is qualified and listed among the top in Zhejiang for 5 years. About 76% air here is qualified to be good. With profound history, education and culture industries are advancing rapidly, which contributes to excellent performance of College Entrance Examination. Economy and society are developed in a coordinated way.

In 2013, total output value reached 30.6 billion yuan, fiscal revenue 4.23 billion, public budget revenue 2.26 billion, per capital disposal income of urban residence 37,782 yuan and per capital net income of rural residence 16,190 yuan.

3、PROFILE OFDEVELOPMENT ZONES

Shaoxing High & New Tech Development Zone

The predecessor of Shaoxing High & New Tech Development Zone (SHNTDZ) was Shaoxing Economic Development Zone (SEDZ) established under the approval of the People's Government of Zhejiang Province in August 1992, as the first one of the five key provincial development zones of Zhejiang. In 1997, the branch called Shaoxing High & New Technology Industry Park was added. In May of 2006, SEDZ was merged with Shaoxing Di Dang New Town Development Office, running with two branches and one system and authority of provincial-level zones. In November 2010, the State Council approved to upgrade the Shaoxing High & New Tech Industrial Park (the original SEDZ) into a national high and new tech development zone. In November of 2013, Donghu town, Gaobu town, Taoyan town, Fusheng town were added to SHNTDZ from Yuecheng District, expanding the area to 211 square kilometers.

The south section of SHNTDZ is designated for the high-tech industry. Industries clusters like electronic information, medical-use materials, laser printing, service outsourcing and culture innovation are cultivated and developed in the past decade. By 2013, SHNTDZ has introduced over 500 projects with a total investment reaching 37.2 billion yuan, among which, 168 projects were foreign funded with the paid-in foreign investment reaching US $621 million. The zone has set up a state-level high-tech startup service center and included the surface of 65,000 square meters for the startup projects. The zone has set up 1,000 apartments with a total construction area reaching 40,000 square meters for the medium and senior talents of the high-tech companies.

Di Dang New Town, which is a commercial and business area, was launched in 2005 and is taking shape after 9 years efforts. By now, total infrastructure investment of the core area exceeded 3.5 billion yuan, social investment projects 25 billion yuan, with construction area of 3.5 million square meters and 1000 settle-in enterprises. In 2013, sales volume of modern service exceeded 3 billion yuan. The 288-meter-high International Crowne Plaza, the landmark building of Shaoxing, is now opening to the public. Di Dang lake city park, covering about 2000 mu (about 133.3 hectares), is expected to be a typical city lake and is now under construction.

In 2013, fiscal revenue reached nearly RMB 2 billion yuan, income of technology, industry and commerce 39.63 billion yuan, fixed asset investment 4.783 billion and foreign exchange earning through export 656 million USD.

Shaoxing Paojiang Economic and Technical Development Zone

Shaoxing Paojiang Economic and Technical Development Zone Established in July of 2000, the Zone is home to 250,000 permanent residents and 150,000 registered residents. The Zone is located on the south wing of Yangtze River Delta, serving as an entrance of Shanghai-Hangzhou-Ningbo express way to Shaoxing. With an area of 118 square kilometers and planning area of 66 square kilometers, the zone is one of the well equipped development zones in Zhejiang province. Approved by State Council, it was upgraded to an economy and technology development zone of national level on April 25th of 2010.

The zone is running according to the target of new land for faster economic development, new group for city development and new system for construction. Works are pushed forward effectively with a high taste and has reached a momentum. A modern industrialized city is built with scientifically planned, reasonably arranged, completely facilitied and with an open economy, conservation of resources and beautiful environment.

In 2013, total output value of large-scaled enterprises is expected to reach 72.89 billion yuan, output value of emerging industries 21.35 billion, sales volume 72 billion yuan, industrial investment 10.19 billion, actual paid-in foreign investment 132 million USD, profit and tax amount 4.45 billion RMB, import and export volume 4.242 billion USD.

Jinghu New District

Jinghu New District was established in December of 2002. It is surrounded by Yuecheng, Keqiao and Paojiang, and functioned as the core area and green heart of Shaoxing city. Jinghu wetland, which covers an area of 15.63 square kilometers, is the first national-level wetland park in Zhejiang province.

The core area of Jinghu is planned to reach Shaoxing-Sanmen Expressway to the east, Shaoxing-Qixian Highway to the west, Xiaoshan-Ningbo Railway to the south, and Keqiao-Paojiang Highway to the north, with a planned area of 59.4 square kilometers, and planned construction area of 32.2 square kilometers.

The population is expected to reach 250,000 by the year 2020.The development target of the district is to be the administration, biological and tourism center.

Since October of 2003, program of Five Roads and Ten Bridges, with investment of 1.43 billion yuan and Jinghu wetland park program, with investment of 940 million yuan, opened a chapter for a new round of construction. Since 2009, a second round construction began with the programs like high-speed railway, Science Park and Sports, Science and Technology and Culture Center, as well as government office building, it slowly shows its image and function.

Functional facilities and housing and commercial projects are clustered. By now, the phase I of Science and Education Park Project is built with two colleges moved in, and high-speed railway station and its square are initially taking shape. In addition, science and technology center, culture center and sports center are taking shape. Projects like 16 residential communities for settlement, 13 high-end living communities and 13 high buildings and a hardware market are built, while 9 projects 5 areas and 8 headquarters are under construction. Projects that have settled in including tourism complex, city complex and commercial complex.

The area, with support from Municipal Party Committee and Municipal Government, enhance its effort in development. Over the past few years particularly, 3900 mu business land are transferred, and 14 square kilometers of city is taking shape, as well as its function as a core.

SHAOXING BINHAI NEW TOWN

Shaoxing Binhai New City, established in July 2010, is located in north of Shaoxing and south of Hangzhou bay with Ningbo to the east, Hangzhou to the west. It is an important part of coastal industrial complex of model area for developing marine economy of Zhejiang, which is also in national strategy. It is one of the 14 provincial industrial clusters and key areas (parks) that will be focused for development under the 12th Five-Year Plan of the province, as well as core area for core city construction and the plan of Gulf Time.

The structure features " three zones, two belts and one center " . The three zones include the national-level Paojiang Economic and Technical Development Zone in the south, the Shaoxing County Binhai Industrial Park in the west and the Hangzhou Bay-Shangyu Industrial Park in the east. The two belts refer to the coastal landscape belt of the Qiantang River and the landscape belt at the banks of the Cao'e River, which will become the ecological function regulation area, the leisure and tourist area as well as the riverside residential area of the Shaoxing Binhai New City. The one center refers to the riverside area, which, covering a planning area of 142 square kilometers. The area of 21.05 square kilometers are approved for provincial-level high and new industry park for 12th Five Year Plan.

With biological environment and complete industry chain, and supported by one national-level economy and technology development zone and two provincial-level economy development zone, a modern industry chain of high-end equipment manufacturing, energy saving and environment protection, biomedicine and logistics are well formed.

With the development goal of formed a frame within three years, built image in five years, and constructed in ten years, the construction of supporting facilities like the framework of infrastructure construction focusing on " three lengthwise, three crosswise, and three bridges", science and creation park, investment service center, CBD has been framed, with an investment of 8.2 billion yuan.

The authority system of Binhai is carried out according to the principle of sufficient authorization, closed operation and on-time fulfill, with bureaus of public security, land resource, environment protection, quality supervision, taxation and so on setting up offices there for examining and approval.

With convenient location, complete supporting facilities and preferential policies, a lot of investors are attracted to bring in projects of biomedicine, aviation, new materials, new energy, advanced manufacturing and so on, with total investment of over 30 billion yuan. Science Innovation Park, with an investment of 426 million yuan, has attracted a group of projects of biomedicine, medical devices, new energy, new materials and electronic information. A national-level experimental base and Shaoxing Campus of Beijing Aviation Material Research Institute will be put into use in 2014.

In 2013, fixed asset investment reached RMB 50.5 billion yuan, output value of large-scaled enterprises 235 billion, sales income of large-scaled enterprise 224.8 billion, and fiscal revenue 7.4 billion.

Annex 9:

Shaoxing Life and health industry development status

1. Development foundation

1.1 Life and health manufacture industry

Shaoxing life and health manufactory industry concentrates in biomedicine, nutrition and health products, traditional Chinese medicine Pieces, medical equipment, medical supplies and other industries, mainly on the bio-pharmaceutical industry. Bio-pharmaceutical industry is one of the pillar industries of the city's industrial economy, it has been initially formed, including new drugs, formulations, pharmaceutical intermediates, APIs, and other accessories, including a relatively complete industrial system. Now there are nearly 200 pharmaceutical enterprises, of which more than 45 scale enterprises, industrial output value of 18.61 billion yuan, of which the biomedical industry output value 16.9 billion yuan, occupying 22.56% of province share. The sales revenue is 17.47 billion yuan, occupying 20.86% of province share. The profit is 2.45 billion yuan, occupying 28.07% of province share. The export delivery value is 7.32 billion yuan, occupying 33.02% of province share, which ranked first and the production value and profit ranked second. Zhejiang Zhen Yuan, Xinchang Pharmaceutical, Zhejiang NHU selected in province top ten enterprises in the pharmaceutical industry. Xinchang Pharmaceutical and Zhejiang NHU ascended in industry sales top 100 enterprises of China.

Through years of development, it has been the emergence of a number of superior products with industry-leading companies and brand influence of a high degree of market acceptance, at home or abroad occupy a large market share, such as vitamin E vitamin A and ethoxycarbonyl A fork of NHU, the production and export volume ranking first in the country. The synthetic vitamin of Xinchang Pharmaceutical Factory occupied 25% of global yield. The Huangqishengmaiyin and Shenjin Dan capsule of Sunbeam medicine reached 90% of domestic market share. Jingxin pharmacy was domestic sales leader of atorvastatin calcium and simvastatin, and its levofloxacin was the top one in China. The Roxithromycin of Zhenyuan nystatin pharmacy occupied more than 60% of the domestic market share.

1.2 Life health service industry

The life health service industry, based on medical services, pension services, sports and fitness, health care, health services, health management, obtained rapid development, and the city's health services part added value closed to 10 billion yuan.

Taking the tertiary hospitals as leader, secondary hospitals as the backbone, specialty hospitals as featuring, community service centers as foundation, the health care system has been basically completed. By the end of 2011, the city has 2887 of all kinds of medical and health institutions at all levels, and operating income reached 7.04 billion yuan. Average per thousand population had 3.83 beds, 2.26 practicing (assistant), and 1.94 registered nurse.

1.3 Building Life and health industry innovation platform gradually

Some companies who have relatively strong technology strength established company innovative platform, and played an important role during the product research process. Zhejiang Medicine, NHU, Jingxin

Pharmacy and other leading companies all have set up the state-level enterprise technical centers and innovative drugs bases, Enterprise Institutes, to assume a number of major national research projects.

At the same time, Shaoxin existed many problems as fewer high quality resources, a lack of overarching and global research institutions or technology centers, insufficient investment to the life and health services by the private capital, small enterprise scale, scattered distribution, weak technological support, and sole health services besides the medical care, less related organization, and limited scale.

2. Target of development

Guiding by "LC medicine and wisdom medical treatment", creating the rich-connotation, convenient and thoughtful, innovative and flexible life and health services and manufacturing and R & D system. Building the healthy industrial system with service, production and research development mutual interaction and coordinated development. Building an international well-known healthy manufacturing base, first-class health service base in the Yangtze River Delta, and major health research and development base of Zhejaing.

To 2020, the life and health industry will form the "one core, two districts, four platform" planning layout and creative the service, production and development system. The life and health industry scale will reach to 200 billion, of which the added value reach to 50 billion, accounting for 8 % of GDP, double the current level.

3. Develop priority

The development priorities of Shaoxing life and health industry are: the fundamental is to improve the life and health level of the residents, focus on the development of health services, and actively develop healthy production, to build the health industry cluster of health production, health care, health management, health spa. And creates an international, high-end, informationnalized modern health industry.

3.1 health service

Foundation: medical service

Core: health management

Major development direction ：health spa and elderly care

Planning layout: Overall control, optimize the layout, balanced configuration

Public health service: Oriented by demander satisfaction
Starting point by health justice promotion
Initiative intervention
Efficient management
Continuos service
Entire population coverage

3.2 health manufacture

3.2.1 Bio-medicine

Guiding by the technolgy innovation, to enhance the independent capacity of drug development, to develop the API at different levels, to consolidate the traditional superior chemical API, to develop the

characteristic API, which strived hard at natural medicine and biological medicine area. To develop the formulation industrial, and promoting the API advantages into formulation advantages. To promote the energy-saving abatement technologies and new processes, to eliminate the backward technology and production capacity. Using the circular economy concept, to guide industrial development and productive forces distribution, to promote the industry transformation.

Chemical raw materials(chemical API): Leading by the existing API key enterprises, to focus on the development of new anti-cancer drugs, cardiovascular disease and endocrine disease treatment drugs, anti-infective drugs, neuropsychiatric disorders treatment drug, digestion system drugs, novel antiviral drugs, novel antibiotics and other products. According to the domestic disease spectrum changes, increased anti-depression sedatives, new drug development sub-health immune function development. To strengthen the digestive innovation change to the original innovation, to breakthroughs a batch technologies of synthesis, fermentation, separation, extraction and other key common technologies.

Innovative drugs: to research and develop the bio-tech products, which can directly treat serious diseases of nervous system, cardiovascular system, cancer, chronic hepatitis B, AIDS and immune defects. Using genetic engineering, protein engineering, cell engineering, enzyme engineering and fermentation engineering and other modern biotechnology, to screening build the efficient high selectivity bacterial strain, to improve the fermentation level, to reduce the energy consumption, and to accelerate industrialization. To strengthen the plant medicine active ingredient screening and extraction, and modern biotechnology effective bacterial strain cultivation. To carry out the new drug lead compounds structural modification and activity research, which was published by foreign countries.

Pharmaceutical preparations: To introduce and exploit the sustained release technology, microcapsule technology, targeting drugs, transdermal drug delivery technology and other professional skills, to accelerate the new drug formulation research, to build the province important pharmaceutical formulations cluster.

3.2.2 Dietary supplements

Based vitamin supplements field, to further expand the health area health by product quality and brand, to regulate the market, and lay the foundation for the food security from the source. To focus on the development of life nutrition, which full fat-soluble vitamins, retinoid class carrotene, the synthesis of β-carotene, canthaxanthin, lutein, lycopene development, astaxanthin, corn flavin, etc.

3.2.3 Natural medicines speed up the modernization process

To accelerate the development of antibiotics, cardiovascular drugs, anti-tumor, anti-viral and immune-boosting drugs or natural medicine.

To improve the industrial production and promote the modernization level of Chinese medicine.

To intensify the development of deep processing of Chinese herbal products and to accelerate the development of plant extracts industry.

To develop Chinese medicine and health products, focusing on a number of key Chinese enterprises to support the city's traditional Chinese medicine modernization project, the bigger and stronger group of Chinese Herbal Medicine manufacturers.

3.2.4 Medical equipment digitization

The key directions are: medical imaging, in vitro diagnostics, human functional status monitoring equipment, first aid and new surgical equipment, light mechatronics large medical device core parts and key technology development and localization. To develop the affordable armarium and minimally invasive medical devices and surgical implants, artificial organs and tissue engineering products used in community

and rural grass-roots. Aiming at the serious air pollution, to actively develop the PM2.5 air purifier, and other health-care companies.

To develop the tissue biocompatibility, high-tech bio-degradable and new dressing medical materials and medical devices. Focus on promoting high-end modern wound care, operating room protection, isolation product development, cardiac catheterization, coronary stent, medical coating catheter etc.

(SAST)